



The dose referred to in this patient booklet is for adults only. Other doses should be used for paediatric patients. This material should only be given to adult patients.

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I've been diagnosed with hepatitis C

Hepatitis C (hep C) is a virus that can infect the liver.¹ The hepatitis C virus lives in infected blood (and other bodily fluids) and is most commonly spread when someone comes into contact with blood from an infected person.^{1,2} Your diagnosis of hep C may have you feeling worried, but diagnosis is the first step in the journey to improving your health.

What is the medicine I've been given?

Harvoni 90mg/400mg is an orange, diamond-shaped, film-coated tablet containing substances called ledipasvir and sofosbuvir. On one side it is stamped with the letters "GSI" and on the other side is the number "7985".^{3,4}



How could this medicine help me?

Your healthcare provider has given you Harvoni to treat hepatitis C. As long as the medicine is taken in the recommended way, more than 90% of people may be cured.^{1,3-6}

Medicines for hep C can sometimes cause side effects – headaches, rash or feeling tired. Swelling of the face, lips, tongue or throat may also be seen with Harvoni. Any side effects you have should settle down quickly. Your healthcare team should be able to suggest things to help ease any discomfort.^{3-5,7,8}



of patients with hep C may be cured.3-6



Take one tablet, once a day for 12 or 24 weeks to help treat the virus, depending on how your doctor has advised you to take it.^{1,3-6}

04

Is this medicine suitable for me?

You and your healthcare team will have discussed the best treatment options for you. This might have included a discussion about your lifestyle as well as medicines that may suit you. If you have been given Harvoni, your healthcare team think it's an appropriate medicine for you.

Remember to tell your healthcare team about anything else you are taking – whether that's medicines, herbal remedies or illicit drugs.^{3,4,7,8}

Harvoni is sometimes taken with another medicine, ribavirin. If you have any questions about your medicines, please ask your healthcare team.^{3,4,7-9}



If you're in a sexual relationship you'll need some effective contraception for you and your partner while you're being treated for your hepatitis C infection, so ask for something suitable. This will minimise the risk of passing it on to your partner or an unborn child.

You should also tell your healthcare team if any of the following apply to you *before* you take your Harvoni medicine:^{7,8}

- You have problems with your liver or if you are awaiting a liver transplant
- You are living with hepatitis B, or have had a previous hepatitis B infection
- You have any kidney problems, or if you are on kidney dialysis
- You're pregnant and/or breastfeeding
- You're receiving treatment for HIV
- You're taking, or have recently taken, any medications for heart conditions
- You have diabetes

How do I take my Harvoni medicine?





Take one tablet, once a day, with or without food, depending on how your doctor has advised you to take it. The tablet should not be crushed, split, or dissolved, so make sure you swallow it whole. For the best chance of cure, it is important to take your medicine as instructed by your doctor.^{3,4,7,8}



If, however, your doctor has prescribed you another medicine called a proton pump inhibitor (such as omeprazole, lansoprazole, rabeprazole, pantoprazole or esomeprazole), you should take your Harvoni at the same time as the proton pump inhibitor. Do not take the proton pump inhibitor before Harvoni.^{3,4,7,8}

If you are taking an antacid, take it at least 4 hours before or at least 4 hours after Harvoni. 3.4.7.8

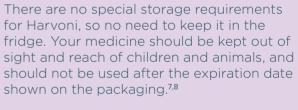
If your doctor has prescribed an H2-antagonist (such as famotidine, cimetidine, nizatidine or ranitidine), it should be taken together with or staggered from Harvoni.^{3,4,7,8}

Your healthcare team may ask you to come back in for a check-up after 12 or 24 weeks to check that the virus has been cleared from your body. They'll carry out a blood test to do this. In a small number of people the virus is not cleared after treatment. If you're one of these people, your healthcare team may suggest you try another medicine.⁶⁻⁸

Remember to read the Patient Information Leaflet for more details on how to take your medicine.



How should I store my Harvoni medicine?



If the seal is broken or missing when you first open your Harvoni medicine, tell your healthcare team immediately. Always dispose of any unused medicine through your pharmacist. Do not share your medicine with anyone else.^{7,8}



08

What if I miss a tablet?

Try to take your medicine at the same time every day – it will help you to remember. For example, when you get up in the morning or when you clean your teeth.

It's very important that you complete the full course of treatment to give the medicine the best chance of working to treat the hep C virus infection. If you do forget and miss taking your medicine at any point during the 12 or 24 weeks, it's not ideal, but try not to worry – the information below can help you continue your treatment to clear the virus.

First of all, work out how long it is since you last took a tablet.

18 hours



If you notice **within 18 hours** of missing your dose, it's ok to take the tablet you missed straight away. Take your next tablet at your usual time and carry on as before. 7.8

If it's been **more than 18 hours** since you last took your Harvoni tablet, just miss that dose out.^{7,8} Simply take your next dose as normal.^{7,8}



It's important that you don't take a double dose (that's two doses close together in time) so try to keep track.7.8

If you've been distracted recently and have missed more than one dose, please inform your healthcare team.

What if I drink alcohol or take illicit drugs while on my Harvoni medicine?







If you think that you will take illicit drugs or drink alcohol while taking your medicine, it's important that you tell your healthcare team. They can support you, and are there to give you help and advice without judgement.

10 11





Can I take other medicines with Harvoni?



If you're taking other medicines including any herbal remedies, you must tell your healthcare team.^{7,8} This is because some things can interact with your medicine and may make it less effective or work in a different way.

This also includes discussing any contraception you might be taking. If you're in a sexual relationship, you should not risk passing the infection on to your partner or an unborn child before you're cured, so you'll need effective contraception while you're being treated for hepatitis C.3.4.7.8

It's important to mention everything – even if you only you take it occasionally.



I'm worried about side effects



Swelling of the face, lips, tongue or throat may also be seen with Harvoni.^{7,8} If you notice any side effects or you have any other questions about taking your medicine, just ask your healthcare provider. They'll be very happy to answer your questions. Remember to read the Patient Information Leaflet for more details on how to take your medicine and how to report any adverse events.



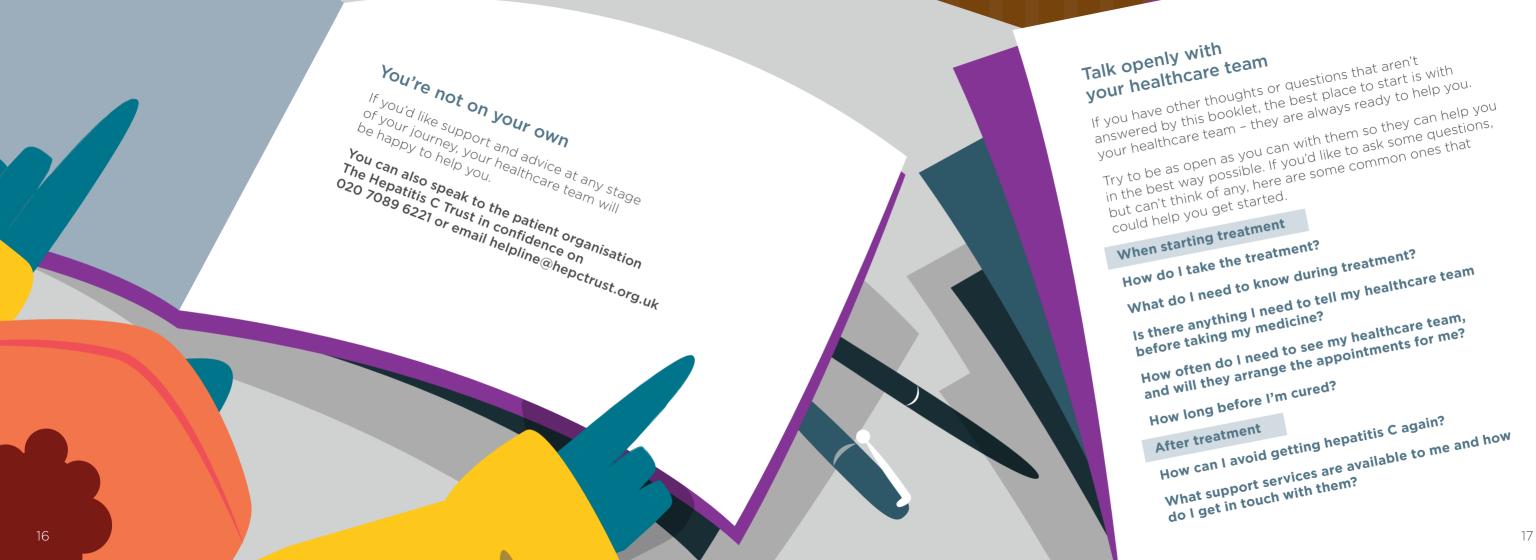


Can I transmit my infection while on treatment and be infected with hep C after being cured?

You can still spread hep C during your treatment, so it's important to take your Harvoni medicine for the whole length of treatment. Successfully treating hep C means that you cannot pass it on to other people anymore.¹
But even after you have finished treatment, you can catch hep C again.¹ To reduce the risk of catching hep C again or passing it on, avoid:²

- Sharing needles, syringes and other items used to take drugs
- Having unprotected sex this includes men who have sex with men
- Sharing your razor or toothbrush





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